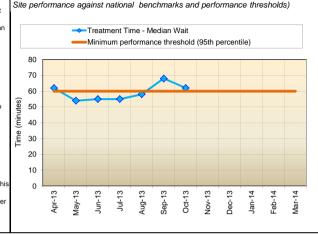


Time to Treatment in A&E [HQU13]

Description of data
Time from arrival to start of definitive treatment
from a decision-making clinician
(someone who can define the management plan
and discharge the patient).

Key messages

Time to the start of treatment should be minimised but not at the expense of other A&E Clinical Quality Indicators. Expert clinical opinion suggests that patients should be seen by a decision-maker within 60 minutes of arrival, but this may be too long for the more serious cases. The earlier the correct management plan is made the better for the patient; a wait of over 30 minutes is excessive for certain presentations, e.g., sepsis, stroke, nyocardial infarction, respiratory distress A median above 60 minutes from arrival to eeing a decision-making clinician across all patients may trigger intervention as this is one of the five A&F quality indicators included as a headline measure under national oversight to assess organisational and system health in the NHS



Description of Performance

Median this month

60 Target

Data quality

Narrative

A significant peak in activity in October 2013 resulted in difficulty in maintaining compliance. A named Consultant has undertaken regulary weekly sessions within the department and has complied a review and subsequent recommendations to progress the clinical staffing model. Work revising standard operational procedures and clinical guidelines is underrway. Plans to proactively manage the changeover/ rotation in junior doctors are being made to reduce potential risk of delays in treatment in December, and junior doctor induction programme has dedicated focus on emergeony pathways, clinical decision making and patient quality indicators

Operating Framework for 2011/12.

Service experience

What have we done to understand and assess the experience of our patients from July 2013 to Sept 2013

Nursing quality indicators are now embedded and monthly patient queestionnaires are undertaken and we plan to display results in the
department. Display boards are now in place in the department to share feedback. These results will be monitored and reported to the Trust
Plans- Action Plans will be generated by the department Manager and the ER team to address any deficits.

Family friendly questions are being asked and results are now available and published for ER.We are actively promoting feedback and have a kiosk now located outside the ER for feedback to be given. Social media, twitter is also being used to encourage our patients to give feedback about the Er Services

• Formal and informal issues raised through Complaints and PALS have been used to understand and assess the experience of patients attending the Emergency Room, patients are invited to board meeting to share their experiences

Patient Stories continue to be shared with the Board and departmental staff and we working closely with patients whom are sharing their
experiences, recordings of patients experiences are with consent being utilised to widen opportunities to learn from feedback

•NICE guideline on the management of early pregnancy have been released and the organistion is assessing compliance and will develop an

What were results of these assessments?

•Facilities not always availbale when needed

•Electronic patient record not capturing all information required

Seniority of team members out of hours

Policy review group established

Early pregnancy scan availability

 Patient pathways being developed, new treatment options to be piloted- (None surgical management of bartholins) We are also progressing our rapid rehydration proposal to enable us to improve patient experience in the management of hyperemisis 9 morning sickness) What has been done to improve services in light of these results?

•Identified funding for additional nurses to be trained in scanning and working with colleagues in ultrasound to mentor nursing staff in early pregnancy scanning. One additional memebr of our team has completed competencies and another member has commenced training

•NICE guidelines for the management of miscarriage have been assessed to understand compliance levels- if none compliance is identified remedial action plans will be put in place

•Establishe d emergency follow up clinics for patient with pregnancy of unknown location, offering consistent approach with continuity and senior clinical presence

 Introduction of quality indicators that incorporate specific feedback relating to service experience, thus developing an ongoing feedback mechanism for patients, Displayed within department and disseminated to team members

•We are trailing a new way to manage patients suffering from Bartholins cysts, developing a new pathways with a less invasive technique

•Named Clinician to Lead Early Pregnancy pathway development

Has this resulted in improved patient experience?

•Local ownership, department managers have increased involvement in problem solving and have ability to influence service provision at the point of care

•Flexible use of additional rooms/ resources.

•Meanigful measurements in place, enabling benchmarking across Trust and Month on Month performance

Point of care testing aiiding prompt diagnosis and treatment

•Feedback kiosk and systems and processes to address feedback timely

Liverpool Women's NHS Foundation Trust Accident & Emergency Department Clinical Quality Indicators Overview This dashboard presents a comprehensive and balanced view of the care delivered by our A&E department, and reflects the experience and safety of our patients and the effectiveness of the care they receive. These indicators will support patient expectations of high quality A&E services and allow our department to demonstrate our ambition to deliver consistently excellent services which are continuously improving. General Information LIVERPOOL WOMEN'S NHS FOUNDATION TRUST - A&E site name and organization code Type 2 (Specialist) A&E site type Contact details for further information Havley McCabe, Ext 4213 October 2013 - The time period the data in the dashboard relate to Summary of performance - October 2013 Consultant Sign-off **Treatment** Total time in A&E Initial Assessment 95% of patients not requiring admission to hospital waited under 210 minutes from NOT APPLICABLE TO OUR 95% of patients On average. 95% of patients arrival to departure (threshold 240 TRUST waited under 15 patients waited 62 waited under 211 minutes) minutes from arrival minutes from arrival minutes from arrival Patient to initial assessment to treatment to departure arrives at A&E (threshold 15 (threshold 60 (threshold 240 95% of patients who needed admission to minutes) minutes) minutes) hospital waited under 220 minutes from **Ambulatory Care** arrival to departure (threshold 240 minutes) Left without being seen Legend NOT APPLICABLE TO OUR Successfully meets performance threshold TRUST 0% of attendances Re-attendance this month left the Does not meet threshold department before being seen 0% of attendances (threshold 5%) this month were unplanned reattendances (threshold 5%) Service Experience A greater emphasis on sharing the experiences of our patients has ensured that both the departmental staff and excutive board are able to hear our patients experiences of using the gynaecology room emergency service. In sharing their experiences, patients have enabled the whole team to reflect and prioritise actions to improve the patient experience. Trust representatives are also working closely with collegues in primary care, to combine efforts to provide a more seamless service. High volumes of telephone calls have been identified as an issue and we are commencing a new call handling service to improve the experience of those whom contact us for telephone advice, this will also assist departmental staff, and their time will be dedicated to direct care.

For further information on performance for individual indicators, please view the main dashboard

N.B. Information on Service Experience and Ambulatory Care are collected on a quarterly basis; information on Consultant Sign Off is collected on a six-monthly basis