

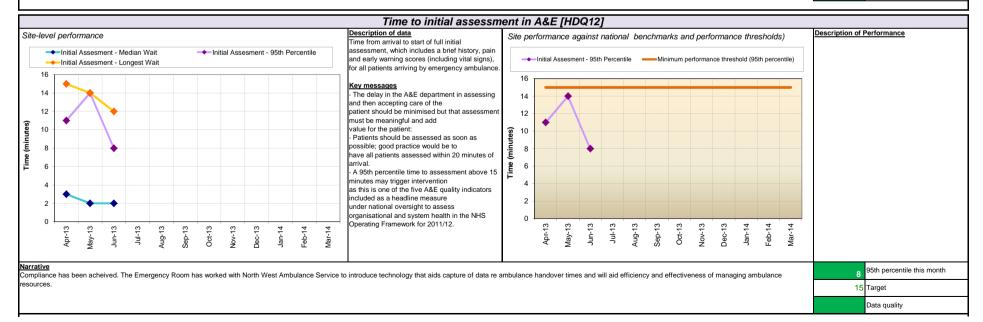
LIVERPOOL WOMEN'S HOSPITAL NHS FOUDATION TRUST 2013/14 **Accident & Emergency Department Clinical Quality Indicators** Total time in the A&E department (non-admitted patients) [HQU10] Description of Performance Description of data Site-level performance The median, 95th percentile and single longest Site performance against national benchmarks and performance thresholds) total time spent by patients in the → Total Time in AE - Median Wait → Total Time in AE - 95th Percentile A&F department for non-admitted nationts → Total Time in AE - Longest Wait Key messages 360 Timeliness of care should not deteriorate from that achieved in the last few 300 The total time in A&E should not be investigated in isolation, and should 240 240 be monitored in conjunction with the other A&E clinical quality indicators 180 Clinical advice suggests that a 95th percentile 180 wait above 4 hours for admitted patients and with the same threshold P 120 for non-admitted patients is 120 not good practice. The single longest wait should be no more than 60 60 6 hours. A 95th percentile wait above four hours may trigger intervention as this is one of the five A&E quality indicators included as a headline Jun-13 measure under national oversight to assess organisational and system health under Technical Guidance for the 2011/12 Operating



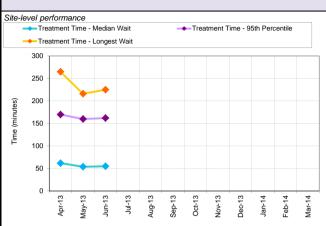
Compliance achieved, continue to monitor and utilise information to inform future developments in the ongoing emergency access service review work. Issues relating to ambulance transfers/ discharges are evident and we are working with North west ambulance, escalating these issues and arranging meetings to determine actions to reduce patients waiting longer due to transport problems

Framework – Draft 22 December 2010 38 national oversight in the NHS Operating Framework for 2011/12.

192 95th percentile this month
240 Target
Data quality





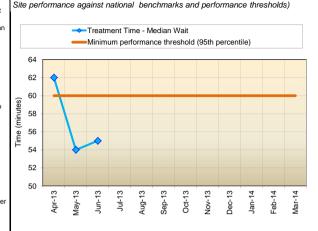


Time to Treatment in A&E [HQU13]

Description of data
Time from arrival to start of definitive treatment
from a decision-making clinician
(someone who can define the management plan
and discharge the patient).

Key messages

Time to the start of treatment should be minimised but not at the expense of other A&E Clinical Quality Indicators. Expert clinical opinion suggests that patients should be seen by a decision-maker within 60 minutes of arrival, but this may be too long for the more serious cases. The earlier the correct management plan is made the better for the patient; a wait of over 30 minutes is excessive for certain presentations, e.g., sepsis, stroke, nvocardial infarction, respiratory distress. A median above 60 minutes from arrival to eeing a decision-making clinician across all patients may trigger intervention as this is one of the five A&E quality indicators included as a headline measure under national oversight to assess organisational and system health in the NHS Operating Framework for 2011/12.



Description of Performance



Data quality

Narrative

A named Consultant has undertaken regulary weekly sessions within the department and has compiled a review and subsequent recommendations to progress the clinical staffing model. Work revising standard operational procedures and clinical guidelines is underway. Plans to proactively manage the changeover/ rotation in junior doctors are being made to reduce potential risk of delays in treatment in December, and junior doctor induction programme has dedicated focus on emergecny pathways, clinical decision making and patient quality indicators

Service experience

What have we done to understand and assess the experience of our patients from January 2013 to March 2013

Nursing quality indicators have commenced and monthly patient queestionnaires are undertaken and we plan to display results in the
department. Display boards have been purchased and are in the process of being displayed in the department. These results will be monitored
and reported to the Trust Plans- Action Plans will be generated by the department Manager and the ER team to address any deficits.

Family friendly questions are being asked.

 Formal and informal issues raised through Complaints and PALS have been used to understand and assess the experience of patients attending the Emergency Room, patients are invited to board meeting to share their experiences

Patient Stories continue to be shared with the Board and departmental staff and we working closely with patients whom are sharing their
experiences, recordings of patients experiences are with consent being utilised to widen opportunities to learn from feedback

•NICE guideline on the management of early pregnancy have been released and the organistion is assessing compliance and will develop an plan to address any areas in which defecits may be identified

What were results of these assessments?

•Facilities not always availbale when needed

•Electronic patient record not capturing all information required

Seniority of team members out of hours

Policy review group established

Early pregnancy scan availability

 Patient pathways being developed, new treatment options to be piloted- (None surgical management of bartholins) We are also progressing our rapid rehydration proposal to enable us to improve patient experience in the management of hyperemisis 9 morning sickness) What has been done to improve services in light of these results?

•Identified funding for additional nurses to be trained in scanning anf working with colleagues in ultrasound to mentor nursing staff in early pregnancy scanning

•NICE guidelines for the management of miscarriage are being assessed to understand compliance levels- if none compliance is identified remedial action plans will be put in place

•Establishe d emergency follow up clinics for patient with pregnancy of unknown location, offering consistent approach with continuity and senior clinical presence

 Introduction of quality indicators that incorporate specific feedback relating to service experience, thus developing an ongoing feedback mechanism for patients, Displayed within department and disseminated to team members

Has this resulted in improved patient experience?

•Local ownership, department managers have increased involvement in problem solving and have ability to influence service provision at the point of care

•Flexible use of additional rooms/ resources.

•Meanigful measurements in place, enabling benchmarking across Trust and Month on Month performance

Point of care testing aiiding prompt diagnosis and treatment

Liverpool Women's NHS Foundation Trust Accident & Emergency Department Clinical Quality Indicators

Overview

This dashboard presents a comprehensive and balanced view of the care delivered by our A&E department, and reflects the experience and safety of our patients and the effectiveness of the care they receive. These indicators will support patient expectations of high quality A&E services and allow our department to demonstrate our ambition to deliver consistently excellent services which are continuously improving.

General Information

LIVERPOOL WOMEN'S NHS FOUNDATION TRUST	- A&E site name and organization code
Type 2 (Specialist)	- A&E site type
Hayley McCabe, Ext 4213	- Contact details for further information
June 2013	- The time period the data in the dashboard relate to

Summary of performance - June 2013 Consultant Sign-off **Treatment** Total time in A&E Initial Assessment 95% of patients not requiring admission to hospital waited under 192 minutes 95% of patients NOT APPLICABLE TO OUR On average, 95% of patients from arrival to departure (threshold 240 waited under 8 patients waited 55 waited under 196 minutes) minutes from arrival minutes from minutes from arrival to initial Patient arrival to treatment to departure assessment arrives at A&E (threshold 60 (threshold 240 (threshold 15 95% of patients who needed admission minutes) minutes) to hospital waited under 221 minutes minutes) **Ambulatory Care** from arrival to departure (threshold 240 minutes) Left without being seen Legend NOT APPLICABLE TO OUR Successfully meets performance threshold 0% of attendances Re-attendance this month left the Does not meet threshold department before being seen 0% of attendances (threshold 5%)

A greater emphasis on sharing the experiences of our patients has ensured that both the departmental staff and excutive board are able to hear our patients experiences of using the gynaecology room emergency service. In sharing their experiences, patients have enabled the whole team to reflect and prioritise actions to improve the patient experience. Trust representatives are also working closely with collegues in primary care, to combine efforts to provide a more seamless service.

High volumes of telephone calls have been identified as an issue and we are commencing a new call handling service to improve the experience of those whom contact us for telephone advice, this will also assist departmental staff, and their time will be dedicated to direct care.

For further information on performance for individual indicators, please view the

this month were unplanned reattendances (threshold 5%)

main dashboard

N.B. Information on Service Experience and Ambulatory Care are collected on a quarterly basis; information on Consultant Sign Off is collected on a six-monthly basis

Service Experience

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